HOW DIABETES

AFFECTS OLDER ADULTS





1 out of 4 people over the age of 65 has diabetes.1

Older adults with diabetes:



Are 2 times more likely to develop dementia than older adults without diabetes²



vision problems²

1 in 5 has

Complications from diabetes:



nearly 2 times more likely to die from heart disease or stroke than adults without diabetes.1

Adults with diabetes are



leading cause of non-traumatic lower limb amputations in the United States.1



diabetes has **kidney** disease and it's most common in older adults over 70.3

1 in 5 people with

likely to visit the emergency room for low blood sugar than the general population with diabetes.2

People with diabetes over 75 years are 2 times more



people over the age of 65 has prediabetes.1

minutes a day, 5 days a week and eating less fat and fewer calories prevented or delayed type 2 diabetes most effectively in adults over the age of 60 at high risk for type 2 diabetes.4



If you have Medicare, check to see how your plan covers

To learn more about diabetes in older adults,

screening, exams, supplies, and care related to diabetes.

visit www.YourDiabetesInfo.org/OlderAdults

2. Kirkman MS, Briscoe VJ, Clark N, et al. Diabetes in older adults. Diabetes Care. 2012;35(12):2650-64.

1. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention: National diabetes statistics report: estimates of diabetes and its burden in the United States A, GA: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services; 2014.

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention; 2014. 4. Knowler WC, Barrett-Connor E, Fowler SE, Hamman RF, Lachin JM, Walker EA, et al. Reduction in the incidence of type 2 diabetes with lifestyle intervention or metformin. N Engl J Med. 2002;346(6):393-403.

3. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). National Chronic Kidney Disease Fact Sheet: General Information and National Estimates on Chronic Kidney Disease in the United States, 2014. Atlanta, GA: US Department of Health and Human Services,